

March 2019

Cloud Services Insights

HOULIHAN LOKEY

The cloud is changing how we work

- Cloud computing enables businesses to focus on performance as directly as possible, with minimal interruption
- The foundations of cloud computing were greater agility, mobility, flexibility, and security
 - However, new advantages to the cloud emerge when highly scalable and flexible computing technology fuses with existing technology and processes (whether on-premises or in the cloud)
- Operating in the cloud requires a mindset shift both within the IT industry, as well as within the lines of business
 - Economic model for IT changing from Capex to $Opex \rightarrow financial flexibility$
 - Virtualized infrastructure → much greater agility
 - Scalable and available application architecture → more innovation



Businesses are quickly adopting cloud computing

77%

of decision makers say they will use cloud for a majority of their needs by 2029.

A cloud for everyone

64%

of decision makers believe everyone will have access to computing by 2029, including remote regions.

Cloud: The new growth lever

87%

of decision-makers expect cloud computing to become an important driver of revenue growth by 2029.

Implications

The promise of cloud computing represents more than just a faster, more efficient version of everything we did before—it's an entirely new way of thinking and working across any IT environment.

2 The cloud is fundamentally changing computing and application development paradigms

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The growing cloud

90%+

By 2024, most enterprises will have intensively multi-cloud environments, with onpremise, off-premise, public, and private cloud.



Global spending for public cloud services is on track to reach \$277 billion in 2020.

The cloud has dramatically changed:

- How IT professionals provision computing infrastructure
- How their operations counterparts deploy, manage, and terminate those applications throughout their lifecycle
- Most of all, the cloud has changed the relationship between the development (Dev) side and operations (Ops) side, ushering in the era of DevOps
- As providers like AWS and Microsoft have exponentially scaled their businesses, many once cuttingedge technologies and methodologies have become established fixtures of the cloud era
 - Container platforms and microservices architectures
 - Infrastructure-as-code solutions
 - Software-defined networking and storage
 - Continuous integration/continuous delivery
 - AI/ML

Implications

Cloud is enabling more flexible, cost effective, cutting-edge application development and infrastructure deployment methodologies.

3 Most enterprises seeking a multi-cloud strategy

- Enterprises looking to prevent vendor lock-in
- Three main strategies for public cloud deployments:
 - "All in" on a single cloud
 - Cost optimization: Run workloads wherever they will be cheapest to deploy
 - Kubernetes is a key tool enabling this segment to deploy workloads in the most capitally efficient manner
 - Optimize based on functions: Pick and choose clouds for different capabilities (e.g. AWS for cost, GCP for AI and data pipelines, Azure for legacy app migration)
 - Individual teams must manage their own instances and budget

Implications

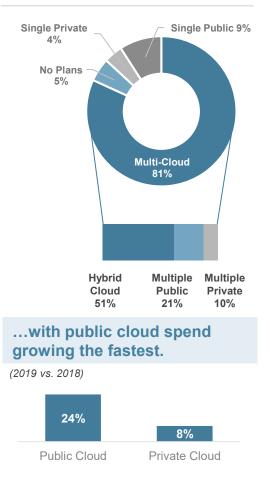
Enterprises evolving toward hybrid cloud configurations with deployments across private clouds and multiple public clouds.

Enterprises solving for optimizing cost and flexibility, but also managing for constraints around legacy applications, compliance considerations, security issues, etc.



Multi-cloud continues to be a key strategy for enterprises...

Enterprise Cloud Strategy (1,000+ employees)



4 Public clouds looking to also compete on-premise

- AWS partnership with VMWare, AWS Outposts announcement
- Microsoft's Azure Stack
- Google Kubernetes Engine
- IBM's acquisition of Red Hat
- Enterprises unlikely to fully abandon on-premises infrastructure to operate fully in a public cloud environment
- Relevant for organizations that have built their architecture around cloud platforms such as AWS and want the public cloud capabilities in their data centers.

Implications

Enterprise continues to be the battleground for the three hyperscale cloud providers:

- AWS has the largest market share, with the greatest set of cloud features and functions
- Microsoft has the traditional presence in the enterprise data center
- Google currently lags behind in terms of enterprise presence



Containers to future-proof business



1 *in* **3** workloads are containerized across on-premise and cloud in the enterprise segment.

个 46%

Containerized workloads are expected to grow by **46%** in the public cloud by 2021.

Source: Google Internal Study analyzing adoption pathways to public cloud through containerization for the Enterprise segment (January 2019).

5 Cloud enables greater flexibility, interoperability, and automation in enterprises

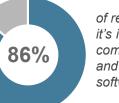
- Given the powerful capabilities available in the public cloud and in cloud-native software, several emerging trends are enabling further abstraction of the physical infrastructure, greater flexibility, and smaller code footprint
- Serverless:
 - Enables enterprises to simply execute snippets of code without bothering developers with provisioning underlying infrastructure
- Managed containers
 - Containers allow distributed applications to be deployed on any platform (on-premise/cloud) in a more lightweight fashion compared to traditional virtualized software
- Microservices:
 - Enterprises move away from "monolithic" application frameworks to smaller, interconnected services
 - Developers implementing a microservices architecture are now discovering the value of a service mesh: an emerging technology that connects, discovers, monitors, and authenticates communications between containerized microservices running across environments



Cloud enables faster feedback, quicker software releases, and more innovation

个 60%

of decision-makers expect to update code weekly or daily by 2029, up from 37% today.



of respondents say it's important to their company to develop and release new software quickly.

Implications

Cloud platforms create new opportunities for automation: speed and agility at scale, real-time insights from a large volume and variety of data, and improved security and reliability.

Source: Google Internal Study analyzing adoption pathways to public cloud through containerization for the Enterprise segment (January 2019).



Implications

- Consolidation in the industry is expected to continue as other vendors acquire to compete
- Domain expertise, recognizable success, and talent in emerging ecosystems (e.g. AWS, GCP, Azure, Salesforce.com, and Workday), remain the most important factors, by far, in cloud services M&A
- Vendors that support digitization services will command a higher multiple in the market
- On-premise vendors will likely pivot, either via higher internal investments, M&A, or transition to adjacent growth areas

Key Strategic/M&A Themes in Cloud Services

We expect that larger vendors will continue to look to augment organic growth with smaller, technology-oriented deals

Rackspace/Datapipe

- CloudReach/Relus Cloud
- Flexera/RightScale
- VMware/CloudHealth
- AWS/CloudEndure

Domain expertise trumps business model for omorging

Consolidation to

rapidly build

scale

for emerging ecosystems

Digitizationfocused IT service providers are in demand

Not all sectors are winners in cloud migration

■ Domain expertise → highly sticky customer base

Strong demand for IT service providers with digital transformation capabilities (DevOps, automation, app modernization)

- End-market expertise also a critical determinant of competitive positioning
 - Crucial in gaining a leg up in highly fragmented, competitive IT service market
- Vendors and service providers indexed to on-premise IT spending are negatively impacted by cloud adoption—hardware, VARs, BPOs, etc.

 Many cloud service companies have had success expanding beyond one-off consulting or implementation projects by adding managed services capabilities
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Recent News

Topic

Recent News

Insights

Public Company News **Feb. 2019:** Amazon and Microsoft reported earnings and both companies' cloud businesses beat expectations, with AWS growing revenue 47% YoY and Azure growing revenue 76% YoY.

This market is still nascent and we are seeing all players post impressive growth numbers considering the scale of the businesses; Azure is slowly capturing market share.

NEWS

Recent Industry News **Dec. 2018:** Cloud giants, led by Amazon and Microsoft, battle to win a \$10 billion cloud-computing contract that will be awarded by the Pentagon.

A single vendor is likely to get this cloud deal, which could have ramifications across the enterprise and government cloud landscape for years to come.



Feb. 2019: Microsoft now boasts more than 70,000 cloud partners around the world, more than Amazon, Google, and Salesforce combined.

The role of cloud services partners is increasingly important as businesses look to adapt multi-cloud/hybrid environments to optimize infrastructure based application and data requirements, performance, costs, and compliance.





Jan. 2019: Basket of 14 largest global cloud computing companies exhibited weakening cloud capex spending in 2018, decelerating from 53% to 20% YoY growth from Q1 to Q4 2018.

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Fears about slowing Capex investment appear misplaced; Amazon described 2018 as "light investment year"—momentum in the overall market shows no evidence of a pause.

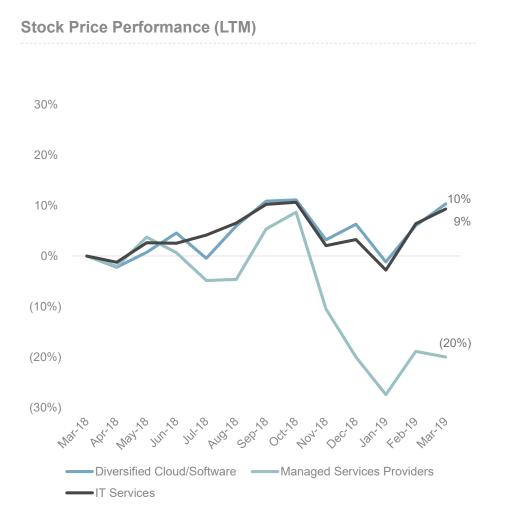
Public Company Comparables: Trading & Operating Metrics

EV/2019E EBITDA Multiple

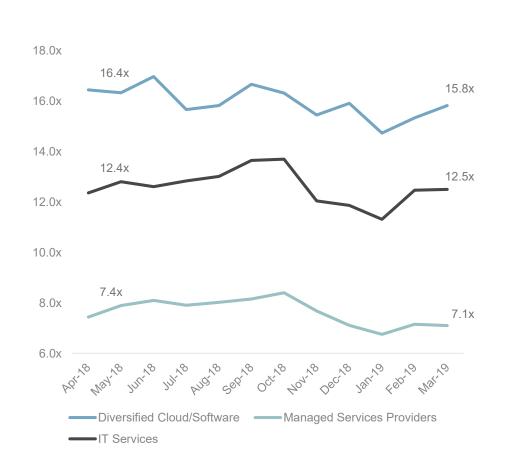


Source: Cap/Q. All negative multiples or multiples or multiples greater than 50.0x are listed as "NM," negative growth rates also listed as "NM."

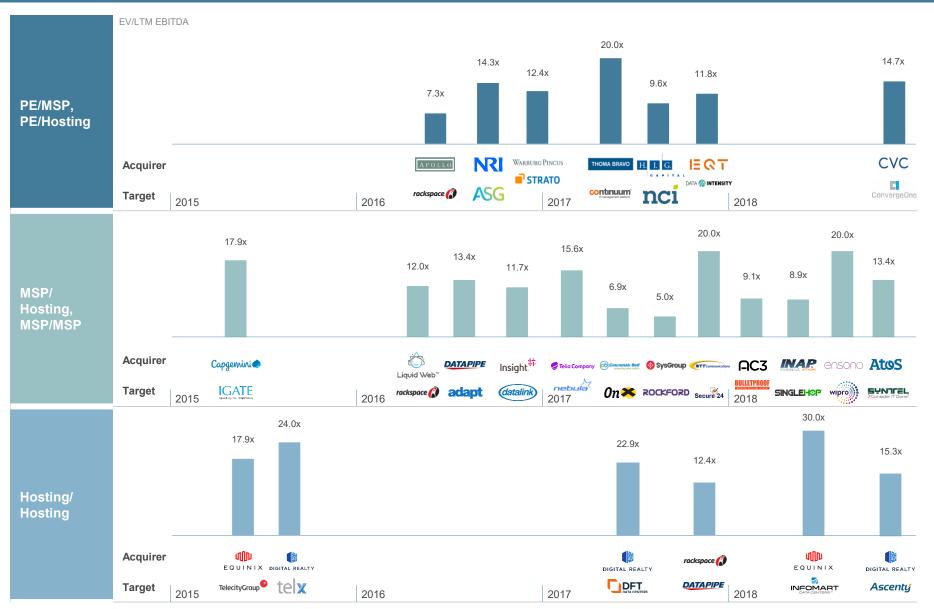
Public Valuation Trends Peer Group Averages



EV/NTM EBITDA (LTM)



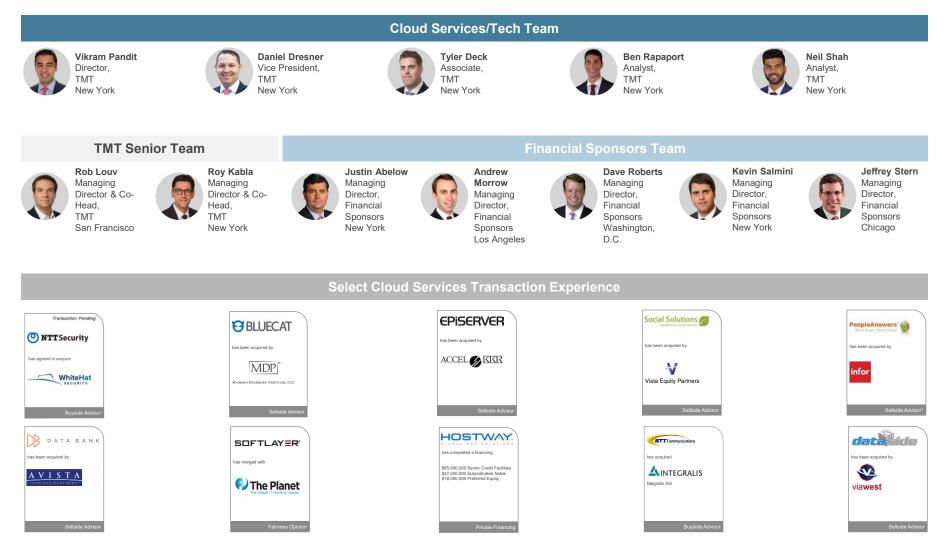
Transaction Multiple Progression in Managed Services/Hosting



Sources: CapIQ and industry insights. Only includes statistics for transactions where the data is publicly available.

Houlihan Lokey's Fully Integrated Team & Select Transaction Experience

Fully integrated team, with deep industry and sector knowledge



Tombstones included herein represent transactions closed from 2008 forward. Selected transactions were executed by Houlihan Lokey professionals while at other firms acquired by Houlihan Lokey, or by professionals from a Houlihan Lokey joint venture company.



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1,300+ Employees**24** Offices Globally

Corporate Finance

2018 M&A Advisory Rankings All U.S. Transactions			
	Advisor	Deals	
1	Houlihan Lokey	207	
2	Goldman Sachs & Co	197	
3	JP Morgan	154	
4	Morgan Stanley	135	
5	Jefferies LLC	117	
Source: Thomson Reuters			

No. 1 U.S. M&A Advisor

Top 10 Global M&A Advisor **Leading** Capital Markets Advisor

Financial Advisory

1999 to 2018 Global M&A Fairness Advisory Rankings				
	Advisor	Deals		
1	Houlihan Lokey	1,073		
2	JP Morgan	971		
3	Duff & Phelps	728		
4	Bank of America Merrill Lynch	660		
5	Morgan Stanley	659		
Source: Thomson Reuters. Announced or completed transactions.				

No. 1 Global M&A Fairness Opinion Advisor Over the Past 20 Years

1,000+ Annual Valuation Engagements

Financial Restructuring

2018 Global Distressed Debt & Bankruptcy Restructuring Rankings				
	Advisor	Deals		
1	Houlihan Lokey	63		
2	PJT Partners Inc.	45		
3*	Moelis & Co.	36		
3*	Lazard	36		
3*	Rothschild & Co.	36		
Source: Thomson Reuters * Denotes tie				

No. 1 Global Restructuring Advisor

1,000+ Transactions Completed Valued at More Than \$2.5 Trillion Collectively

TMT

2018 M&A Advisory Rankings U.S. Technology, Media, Entertainment & Telecom Transactions Under \$1 Billion			
	Advisor	Deals	
1	Houlihan Lokey	35	
2*	Duff & Phelps	33	
2*	Raymond James Financial Inc	33	
4	Moelis & Co	31	
5	Morgan Stanley	30	
Source	: Thomson Reuters * Denotes tie		

No. 1 U.S. TMT Practice under \$1 Billion

35 Completed Transactions in 2018

Brief Biographies



MBA

PAST

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University of Virginia J.P. Morgan Securities Nimaya MicroStrategy Mr. Pandit is a Director in Houlihan Lokey's Technology•Media•Telecom Group. He has an extensive background in TMT investment banking, with more than 50 announced transactions, representing more than \$100 billion in aggregate consideration. Over his career in investment banking, Mr. Pandit has advised CEOs, CFOs, and boards of directors on strategic and capital markets alternatives. Mr. Pandit focuses on the cloud services, enterprise software, data analytics, and infrastructure software sectors.

Prior to joining Houlihan Lokey, Mr. Pandit was a Director at J.P. Morgan's TMT Investment Banking group, which he joined in 2009. Prior to J.P. Morgan, Mr. Pandit worked in Business Development and Product Management at Nimaya, an enterprise cloud analytics provider. Mr. Pandit was instrumental in several rounds of fundraising for Nimaya, and in designing and deploying Nimaya's real-time cloud analytics products.

Before joining Nimaya, Mr. Pandit worked at MicroStrategy, a provider of business intelligence, mobile software, and cloud-based services.

Mr. Pandit holds a B.S. and M.S. in Engineering, and an MBA from the University of Virginia's Darden School of Business.



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Mr. Dresner is a Vice President in Houlihan Lokey's Technology•Media•Telecom Group.

Before joining Houlihan Lokey, Mr. Dresner served as a Vice President with Drake Star Partners in New York, where he provided M&A advisory to middle-market companies in the technology and media sectors. Prior to Drake Star, Mr. Dresner was an Associate in the Consumer & Retail Investment Banking Group at Stifel, providing M&A advisory and capital-raising services. Before Stifel, Mr. Dresner served as an Analyst with Berkery, Noyes & Co., a middle-market investment bank serving clients in the media and marketing sectors.

Mr. Dresner graduated Washington University in St. Louis with a B.S.B.A. in Finance and Accounting.



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